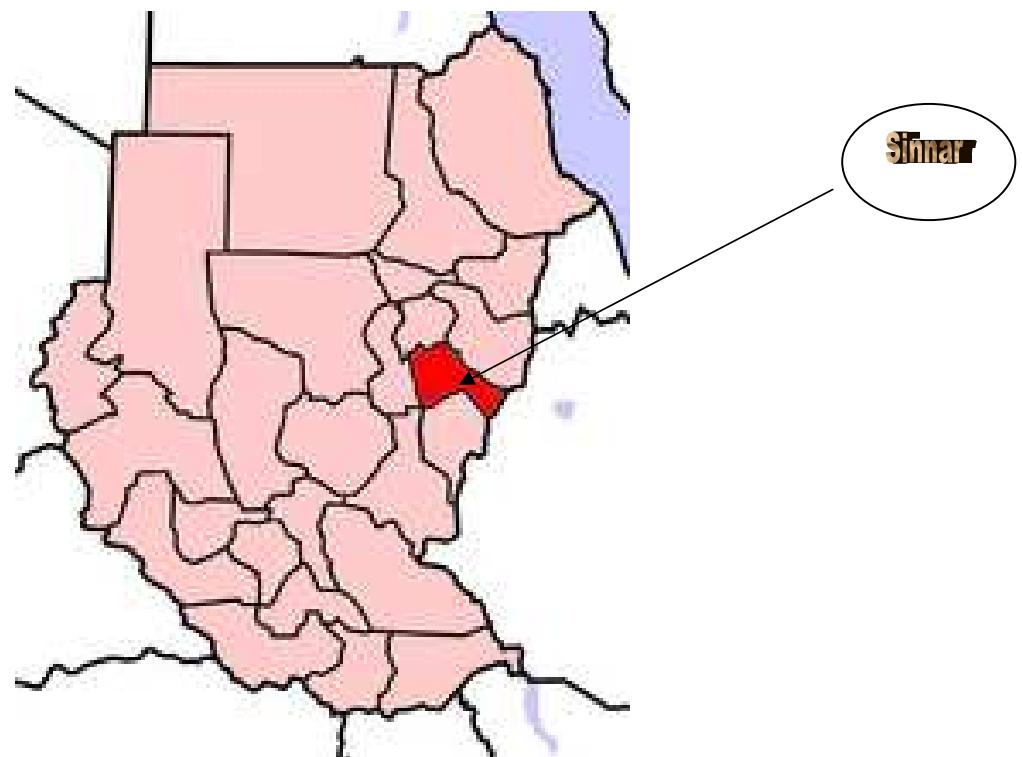


Socio-economic and opportunity mapping
Assessment report for Sinnar State
Joint mission (NSDDRC-SC/ UNDP)
27th – 29th April 2010



Joint mission (NSDDRC-SC/ UNDP)
27th – 29th April 2010

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Abstract (summary)

Socio-economic opportunity mapping assessment was conducted in Sinnar state during the period from 27th up to 29th of April 2010. The assessment was carried out by a joint team from Central Sector Commission and UNDP central sector. The team members are 5, three from Central Sector Commission and two from UNDP central. The main purpose of the assessment is to map out the operational environment, institutional setup, community services, and socio-economic situation in Sinnar state which may enhance or impede implementation of reintegration activities and to use the gathered information for better planning with regard to DDR programme.

The assessment also will act as starting point for community sensitization about DDR programme and come up with recommendations and lesson learned on best strategy that could be adopted for DDR programme as well as assessing the availability of office sharing cost for the possible future placement of NDDRC/Central and UNDP/DDR Reintegration staff.

The assessment team adopted different approaches for information collection and gathering such as presentation, observation, questionnaire, group discussion and individual interviews.

The assessment revealed that the most potential employment opportunities providers with possible job opportunities are agriculture, livestock, small business work and partnership working groups. The state is rich with fertile huge land and with limited resources to best utilize these land. Another potential opportunity in the state is Alsooki sugar factory with an area of 30,000 feddan is going to be established on the next planning period; it will enhance the opportunities for the reintegration for Sinnar state and the neighboring states. The health authorities in Sinnar state showed that it's possible to enter all XCs in the state under the umbrella of the health insurance. The study recognized that there is lack of information about DDR programme at the state level, an intensive public information activities for all stakeholders about DDR programme is required, taking in consideration experiences of the DDR programme from areas such as Eastern, Blue Nile and South Kordofan and Involvement of the national and the local media to disseminate information to increase the awareness of communities about DDR programme and peace culture.

Conflicts reported among nomads groups who resided for more than 15 years at Upper Nile state near the border to Sinnar state with armed group. These conflicts forced nomads to move to Sinnar state and lost their cattle. Sinnar government settled these groups in camps near to area called Daly Walmazoom the estimated number is 8000 which include 4000 PDF group some assistance were provided to them such as food items this created insecurities in these areas.

Local authorities reported that there is about 13000 PDF and other militaries group waiting to be D&D and now practicing smuggling, selling small arms this will create security threat in the future if not dealt with seriously.

There are education institutions providers capable to contribute in promoting skills of XCs as well as an active and efficient network for local NGOs with experience in micro finance and development.

DDRC had sub-office in Sinnar state could be shared with UNDP staff need to be supported with equipments and supplies to run the reintegration activities not only for Sinnar but to cover nearby states such as Gezira and White Nile.

Back ground information:

Sudan is largest Africa's country, with an area of 2.68 million square kilometers, a population of an estimated 35 million people, Sudan is adjacent to nine African countries, and has more than 300 tribes speaking more than 100 dialects, 70% of the population in rural areas , 25% of them in urban areas and 5% are nomads .

Sinnar state Located in central Sudan between latitudes 05/12 to 05/14 and longitudes 32.9 -35.4 bordered by Gezira state to the north , White Nile State to the west, Gedaref state to the east , Blue Nile and Upper Nile state to the South, with an area of 40.680 square kilometers. Sinnar state is composed of (7) seven localities.

Sinnar state is in the heart of Sudan and one of the 26 states of Sudan. It has an area of 37,844 km² and an estimated population of approximately 1,402,265 Persons. People in Sinnar state is a mix of Arab and African tribes and some tribes of western Sudan. The people of Sinnar state depend mainly on agriculture and pastorals and trade in crops in their livelihood. Sinja is the capital and largest city in the state. The main economic activity is agriculture with the irrigated scheme of Suki, the Sugar factory of Sennar and a number of fruit (including bananas and mangos) growers located on the banks of the Blue Nile. Today there are two towns bearing the name Sennar. Sennar Junction, the older one, which represents an actual continuation to the ancient Sennar, both in time and geographical location, the junction element came from the fact that many railways intersect there, it being in the heart of the country, which accompanied the invasion of Sudan during the British colonisation at the end of eighteenth century. The other is Sennar Al-Madeena (i.e Sennar Town), 5km ESE of the Junction, located beside the Sennar Dam. It was built over the ruins of a small village called Mok-waar which was notable in the former cultures of the tribes of African origins who lived there before the arrival of Arab tribes to the Sudan.

The Sennar Dam is a dam on the Blue Nile near the town of Sennar Sudan It was built in 1925 by the British engineer, desert explorer and adventurer, Stephen "Roy" Sherlock, under the direction of Weetman Pearson. The dam is 3025 meters (9925 feet) long, with a maximum height of 40 meters (130 feet). It provides water for crop irrigation in the Al Jazira region. Once completed, the dam was managed by Roy Sherlock until the 1970's.

The main land uses include Farming land, traditional and mechanized agriculture and irrigated agriculture rainfall, Irrigated farming land, Urban, Forest, Horticulture and Grazing. However, the land under private ownership, various forms of communal ownership vested in a "tribe" or one of its sections were recognized by nomadic pastoralists. Among rain land sedentary cultivators, land use was legitimized through membership in a village community.

Goal:

To gather the information which will determine how reintegration assistance will meet the needs and ambitions of ex-combatants, and the needs and expectations of receiving communities while taking full account of the potential and limitations of local war-torn economies.

To enable reintegration assistance to correspond to the dynamics of the local labour market and economy to maximise the chance of success in the immediate and long term.

Objectives:

- The pre-assessment is aiming at mapping out the operational environment, institutional, community services, and socio-economic situation in Sinnar state. That will enhance or impede implementation of reintegration activities in the state. The gathered information will be used for better planning and decision making.
- Determine the availability of shared office space for the possible future placement of NDDRC/Central and UNDP/DDR Reintegration staff.
- To gather the information which will determine how reintegration assistance will meet the needs and ambitions of ex-combatants, and the needs and expectations of receiving communities while taking full account of the potential and limitations of local war-torn economies.
- To enable reintegration assistance to correspond to the dynamics of the local labour market and economy to maximise the chance of success in the immediate and long term
- Disseminating information about DDR programme and sensitizing the stakeholders to participate positively in the implementation process.
- Determine the availability of shared office space for the possible future placement of NDDRC/Central and UNDP/DDR Reintegration staff.
- Come up with lesson learnt and recommendations on best strategy that can be used for covering states of low caseload.

Steps and Methods:

Steps

- Identify the survey team
- Agree on the methods
- Plan& timeline

Methodology

The assessment team adopted different methods for data collection such as Meetings, group discussions, Observations and structured individual interviews with key stakeholders using questionnaire attached as well collecting secondary from various sources and Desk review of documents and reports

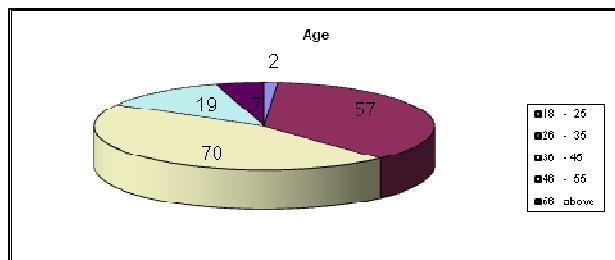
Target groups:

1- Stakeholders:

State government and relevant line ministries present (Agriculture, livestock, education, social Welfare, humanitarian aid commission etc) UN agencies, NGOs, Private sector, education and training institutions.

2- Beneficiaries that requested to be reintegrated in Sinnar state :

Sex	No/Kadugli	No/Julud	No/Damazin	Total
Male	22	3	126	151
Female	0	2	2	4
Total	22	5	128	155



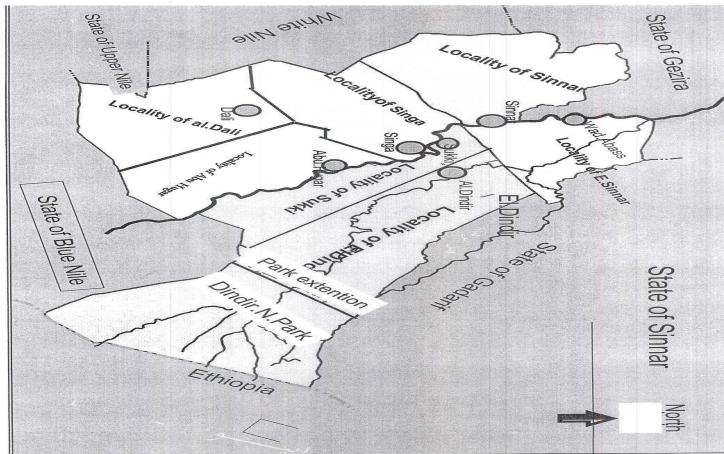
Disabled	No/Kadugli	No/Julud	No/Damazin	Total
Male	1	1	34	36
Female	0	0	0	0
Total	1	1	34	36

Limitations of the Study:

- **Insufficient time (Too short time)**
- **mission Team is Small to cover all stakeholders**
- **Most of Data collected are from government source.**
- **Lack of knowledge about DDR at the state level.**
- **Lack of PI documents about DDR programme (Pamphlet, posters .etc)**

Strengthen at the state:

1. **Governmental priorities on employment are focus on giving opportunity to the people of the state and build their capacities.**
2. **The youth in the state have a spirit to work as active Volunteers in the state especially responding during emergencies. The Sudanese Red Crescent trained 48000 volunteers to be called during disasters.**
3. **A number of officials in various ministries have an interest to know about DDR program and they are ready to facilitate and contribute in the reintegration services for XCs.**
4. **There are already formed committees in the state to help DDR implementation. Security committee, chaired by the commander of Military Region and the Integration Committee chaired by Director of Social Welfare.**
5. **The state government through the Women's Union Encourage women and support income-generating projects in the state for women.**



Outcomes:

Main Towns/Districts and population

State	Population				N. villages
	Male	Female	Child u 5	total	
Sinja	121632	128034	48767	249657	120
Sinnar	178684	183773	58985	362457	150
Dindir	60365	60382	32809	120747	65
Suki	125806	131210	44150	257016	60
Aldali&Almazmom	57034	58267	67069	115301	65
East Sinnar	93916	37302	37302	189432	89
Abohugar	32525	32796	20883	653210	120
Total	648.923	667.217	261.198	1.904.289	669

Government Departments/Ministries that will be working with DDR :

- Ministry of Agriculture.
- Ministry of local authorities.
- Ministry of social welfare.
- Community based organization and local NGOs.

Government Departments that have potential job opportunities for ex-combatants:

1. Ministry of Agriculture.
2. Ministry of economy and finance.
3. Private sector (industries and irrigation schemes).

The level of Awareness/knowledge of DDR Programme among Government Officials and general public is weak , key stakeholders during meetings suggested that the local media should be involved to contribute in disseminating messages to sensitize community awareness with regard to DDR programme

Main organizations operating in the State:

Name of organization (National and International)	Main activities	Target Group	Coverage Area (Districts and Towns)

Alshaheed	Martyr family care	Orphans and widows	Sinnar state
Sudanese civil protect	Disaster recovery Health environment Capacity building	Communities of the state	Sinnar state
Anna Al Sudan	Human Health Health awareness	Men, women and children	Siingga
Making life	Social development Health care	State communities	Sinnar state
My Health	Health Activities	State communities	Sinnar state
Abrar	help the people with Disability Reintegration XC - PWD	Disabled	Sinnar state
Public charity Association	Widow and orphan care giver Field Assessment	Women , children and elderly	Sinnar state
Peace Association	Spread peace culture Capacity building Health awareness	State communities	Sinnar state
Women union	Women Capacity building and income generating projects	women	Sinnar

Names of Banks Operating in the State:

Provide branches of banks operating in the state of various banking services and is considered an important indicator indicates the usefulness of economic activity in the state.

Operate state branches of the following banks:

- Bank of Khartoum.
- Omdurman National Bank
- Savings and development Bank.
- Al Baraka Bank of Sudan.
- Sudanese French Bank.
- Saudi Sudanese Bank.
- Faisal Islamic Bank.
- Islamic Bank of Sudan.
- Bank of Islamic solidarity.
- National Bank of Sudan.
- An agricultural bank.
- Farmers Commercial Bank.
- Group Nilein for industrial development
- Family bank

Telephone/internet providers and network coverage:

Name of Company	Network Coverage (good, poor, very poor)	Comments
Mobatel	good	Covering most of the state
Sudani	good	
Kanar	good	
MTN	good	

Accommodations and housing condition in Sinnar state is poor due to the low income of people while the electricity supply is normal as most of state is covered with electricity supply except remote areas. The **Socio-economic and opportunity mapping Assessment report for Sinnar State Joint mission (NSDDRC-SC/ UNDP)**

public transportation in Sinnar state is good as the state located at the central of paved roads that connected the state with other state such as Blue Nile, White Nile, Gezira and Khartoum. The state ministry of planning is working to connect most of the state towns/cities with paved or semi paved roads with special attention to farming areas.

The health area system is adopted in the state to ensure that health services is covering the whole population of the state taking in consideration that health services should be available , accessible and with affordable cost for the people of the state .

The state had it own local radio and television which covered the state as well as national news papers are within reach to the state on daily bases from Khartoum.

The security situation is normal with an exemption of some uprising conflicts at the border with Upper Nile state between nomads that cross the border seeking on feeding their animals as this year the rainy season in Sinnar state is very poor. However this issue created instabilities within the area of border between the two states.

The state is planning on establishing three sugar factories which will create a good job opportunities in addition to the exploration of rich area with bio gas in the state.

The main natural resources/Economic activities in the State are:

- Agriculture.
- Pastoral.
- And crop trade.

Main economic problems/challenges facing the State:

- a. Expanding the irrigation system of canals for best utilization of huge land in farming.
- b. Lack of proper mapping for the state potential resources of investment.
- c. Lack of enough data base system at the state and low capacities and limited resources.
- d. Inaccessible roads that connected cultivation and production areas with the local market.

Employment opportunities:

The main sectors for employment opportunities in Sinnar state is agriculture and livestock especially in the new sugar schemes that the state is planning to be established.

The most potential employment opportunities providers with possible job opportunities lie within cooperative committees, small business work and partnership working groups.

The most potential job placement opportunities for ex-combatants in Sinnar state is the agriculture sector and livestock while the opportunities for women entrepreneurship in the State is weak.

Main obstacles to employment creation are:

- Funding availability.
- Limitation of resources.
- Lack of skills and experience.

Agriculture sector

The main types of agricultural products in Sinnar State are, Grains, Cash crops, Vegetables and Fruits and the market capacity of these products is fairly good locally and outside the state. The animal husbandry/livestock is practicing by most of resident in the state due to availability of wide land and the nature of people as most of them living in the rural areas and people prefer owning sheep and cattle.

Agriculture constraints facing the State:

- Lack of comprehensive land planning at the state level.
- Conflict between farmers and pastoralist in the state.

Socio-economic infrastructure

The overall condition of roads in Sinnar state is good and the state is connected with paved road with the near by state as well as with Khartoum.

The average distance between State Capital and neighboring States, and road condition:

<i>Name of neighboring State</i>	<i>Average Distance</i>	<i>Condition Road (Paved, unpaved, gravel, etc)</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Gezira state	150	Paved	
Blue Nile State	110	Paved	
White Nile State	170	Paved	
Gedarif State	320	Paved	
Upper Nile State	205	Unpaved	

The average distance between the State Capital and major towns, and road condition:

<i>Name of District/Town</i>	<i>Average Distance</i>	<i>Condition Road (Paved, unpaved, gravel, etc)</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Sennar	100 Km	Paved	
Elsuki	25 Km	unpaved	
Aldindir	45 Km	Paved	
Abu Hujar	130 Km	Paved	
Karkog	50 Km	unpaved	
Wad Elaabas	105 Km	Paved	

Wad Elneyal	90 Km	Paved	
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Sennar state is characterizing with good transport connection facilities within the state main towns and with neighboring states.

Education training providers

Training Providers:

<i>Name of Training or service provider</i>	<i>Location (District, Town etc.)</i>	<i>Field of trainings (Business, Agriculture, Capacity Building etc.)</i>	<i>Target Group (Men, Women, Disabled etc.)</i>	<i>Comments</i>
1.Sennar centre	Sennar	Capacity Building	Men	There new training centres under establishment
2.Sinja centre	Sinja	Capacity Building	Men	
3. Wad Elneiyal centre	Wad Elneiyal	Capacity Building	Men	
4.Abu Gelyi centre	Abu Gelyi	Capacity Building	Men	
5.Aldindir centre	Aldindir	Capacity Building	Men	

Health Sector:

Health Official data estimate that maternal mortality rate (MMR) in Sennar state is at 325 deaths per 100,000 live births. The main causes of mortality are bleeding, complication,, early marriage and high frequency of pregnancy .

Number of trained midwives in the state is 603

The rate of FGM in the state is 79%

<i>Name of health facility</i>	<i>Number</i>
public hospital	24
Health centers	69
Primary health care units	84
Midwifery school	2

Reproductive health centres	55
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Epidemiological situation of HIV/AIDS in Sennar state:

- The expected number of cases in the state is about 6,840 thousand up to 21,888 thousand.
- Those who received psychological counseling service from 2005 - until March 2010 (6734)
- Number of people who have received voluntary testing service from 2005 - till March 2010 (4200)
- Positive cases of carrying the virus disease from 2005 – 2009 is 283 cases
- Therapists in sexually transmitted diseases from 2006 – 2009 is (7253) cases.

Cumulative cases of reports of care and treatment 2006 -2009

Subject	Treatment center		Total
	Sinja	Sennar	
Patients who received care before the start of antiretroviral therapy	52	94	146
Patients treated with anti-opportunistic infections until December 2009 (Spetrin)	8	33	41
Patients who begin at ART	33	26	59
Patients who receive treatment until December 2009 ART	6	13	19
Dropping out of treatment	11	1	12
Referred	7	8	15
Mortality	6	10	16

Number of beneficiaries using condoms 2006 -2009

Year	Number of clients taking
2005	10
2006	15

2007	1226
2008	796
2009	447
Total	2494

Problems and constraints

- Lack of cadres at the level of local health units
- Lack of staff Training
- Limited budgets and work aids facilities.
- Working environment (center service providers and the Office of the program is not well placed)
- Weak activities at the local level.

There is no mean of transportation for the Programme

UN and other international organizations

There no UN agencies or International non-governmental organizations working in Sinnar state.

NGOs projects and capacities :

<i>Name of Organization and Contact Details</i>	<i>Main activities and beneficiaries</i>	<i>Duration of project</i>		<i>Coverage Areas (District and Towns)</i>	<i>Reintegration opportunities for ex-combatant (yes/no)</i>	<i>Delivery Capacity on Reintegration (good, fair, poor, etc.)</i>	
		Start	End			Technical	Financial and Admin.
Alshaheed	Martyr family care			Sinnar state	No		
Sudanese civil protect	Disaster recovery Health environment Capacity building			Sinnar state	No		
Anna Al Sudan	Human Health Health awareness			Siinga	No		
Making life	Social development			Sinnar state	No		

	Health care						
My Health	Health Activities			Sinnar state	No		
Abrar	help the people with Disability Reintegration XC - PWD			Sinnar state	Yes	Good	Good
public Association	Widow and orphan care giver Field Assessment			Sinnar state	No		
Peace Association	Spread peace culture Capacity building Health awareness						
Women union	Women Capacity building and income generating projects						

Need assessment for central commission

Capacity needs of Sinnar Sector :

Types of capacities	Current Level (3 = High, 2=Low, 1= None)	Relevance/ Required level (3= High, 2=Low, 1= None)	Factors affecting performance
Management (plan, monitor and coordinate reintegration activities)	2	3	Low number of employees
Human Resources (recruitment, motivation, etc.)	2	3	
Financial Resources (prepare budgets, financial recording, reporting etc.)	2	3	Lack of equipment such as computers
Programme Delivery	2	3	Lack of

(monitoring, preparation of progress reports, contracts etc.)			capacity
External Relations (collaboration with NGOS, Government Depts., Donor Agencies, Public relations etc.)	3		

Elements that facilitate or impede the Commission from carrying out its DDR mandate:

	<i>Elements that facilitate performance</i>	<i>Elements that impedes performance</i>	<i>Recommended Actions</i>
1	Provision of equipments and supplies	The office is under establishment	Provision of equipments and staff capacity building
2	Capable organization	DDR awareness	Capacity building and awareness raising
3	Availability of funding	Delay D&D for the waiting client	
4	Time commitment for implementing reintegration activities.	Delivery of services to Host community.	Time Commitment and provision of services to host community.

Inventory of human and material resources available to Sinnar Sector:

	Item	Current status	Amount Required/Needed	Gaps	Comments
1.	Personnel (available staff to support reintegration activities)	0	Reintegration manager Case worker	3	appointment technical team for reintegration
2.	Office space (including space for UNDP staff/Case Workers)	There is three offices - hall – kitchen and big shade			The office can accommodate the staff of DDRC and UNDP staff
3.	Office Equipment and furniture (computers, internet, chairs, tables etc.)	One computer – photocopier – printer – one table – Fax – water cooler	4 laptops – 3 mobile phone – 4 air-conditions- 6 office table – 10 chairs – safe – 4 Cupboard – water tank –		

				refrigerator – motor cycle	
4.	Transportation (vehicles)	1	2	2	

Commission sub offices or focal points in the Central Region States:

	Name of State	Contact Details	Comments
1	Eltayb Suliman Malik	Commissioner Sinnar sector Phone number : 0916216219 E-mail:ddrsinnar@yahoo.com	

Lesson learned and Recommendations:

1. Lack of information about DDR programme at the state level.
2. Conduct intensive public information workshop for all stakeholders about DDR programme .taking in consideration experiences from areas such as eastern, Blue Nile and South Kordofan.
3. Involvement of the national and the local media to disseminate information to increase the awareness of communities about DDR programme and peace culture.
4. There conflicts reported among nomads who include PDF group at the border between Sinnar and Upper Nile state which may arises insecurities in these areas.
5. The local authorities reported that there is about 13000 PDF and other militaries group waiting to be D&D and now practicing smuggling, selling small arms this will create threat in the future if not deal with this issue seriously .
6. UNMIS and NSDDRC should take action towards this situation.
7. The time between D&D and the reintegration package is too long, this creates community instability.
8. There are education institutions providers capable to contribute in promoting skills of XCs.
9. There is an active and efficient network for local NGOs with experience in micro finance and development.
10. There is an office for DDRC in Sinnar state need to be supported with equipments and supplies to the run the reintegration activities not only for Sinnar but covering nearby state such as Gezira and White Nile.
11. According to the report of Ministry of Agriculture There is a good opportunities for the reintegration In the livestock and agriculture sector
12. Alsooki sugar factory in area of 30,000 feddan is going to be established on next period; it will enhance the opportunities for the reintegration for Sinnar state and the neighboring states.
13. The health authorities in Sinnar state reported that it's possible to enter all XCs in the state under the umbrella of the health insurance.
14. (The employers union, the sponsors union, the Farmers' Association, the buses owners union). They may have some opportunities for the employment for the XCs.

15. The training center - Sinner's university - deals with specialists in the field of the minor financing and can contribute in training for XCs.
16. The youth in the state have a spirit to work as active Volunteers in the state especially responding during emergencies. The Sudanese Red Crescent trained 48000 volunteers to be called during disasters.
17. A number of officials in various ministries have an interest to know about DDR program and they are ready to facilitate and contribute in the reintegration services for XCs .
18. There are already formed committees in the state to help DDR implementation. Security committee, chaired by the commander of Military Region and the Integration Committee chaired by Director of Social Welfare.
19. The state government through the Women's Union Encourage women and support income-generating projects in the state for women.

Annexes

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SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRES

Date: -----

GENERAL INFORMATION

Target Groups: State Officials, Private Sector and other stakeholders

Section 1: State Background Information

1. Name of State: -----
2. Population: -----
3. Main economic activities of the State: Agric. Small Industries Trading Livestock
Others
Comments:-----
4. Main Towns/Districts and population:

	Name of Town/Districts	Population	Comments
5. Name of Government Departments/Ministries that will be working with DDR
 - a.) -----
 - b.) -----
 - c.) -----
 - d.) -----
6. Government Departments that have potential job opportunities for ex-combatants

a) _____
 b) _____
 c) _____
 d) _____

7. Awareness/knowledge of DDR Programme among Government Officials, general public etc.

Good Some Poor No knowledge

8. Main organizations operating in the State

Name of organization (National and International)	Main activities	Target Group	Coverage Area (Districts and Towns)

9. Names of Banks Operating in the State

a) _____
 b) _____
 c) _____

10. Telephone/internet providers and network coverage:

Name of Company	Network Coverage (good, poor, very poor)	Comments

7. Accommodation/Housing condition: Good Acceptable poor none

8. Electricity supply: regular irregular very seldom none

9. Public Transportation Services: Good poor very poor

10. Health Care facilities/Services: Good poor very poor

11. Available media channels in the State?? Local TV Local Radio Local Newspapers

12. Security situation in the State: Good Normal Potential for violence

Comments, if the later:

13. What are the main natural resources/Economic activities in the State?

a) -----

b) -----

c) -----

14. What are the main economic problems/challenges facing the State??

a) -----

b) -----

c) -----

Section 2: Employment Opportunities

Target Group: Ministries of Labour, Agriculture and Trade

1. Main employment sectors: Agric. Small Industries Trading Livestock Others

2. Main source of employment opportunities in the State:

Government NGO Private Sector Others

3. The most potential employment opportunities providers

a) -----

b) -----

c) -----

3. Main types of employment Qualified Semi qualified Apprentice Others

4. Which sectors have potential job placement opportunities for ex-combatants??

Agric. Trading Small Industry Livestock Others

5. What are the opportunities for women entrepreneurship in the State??

Good Low None existence

6. What are the main obstacles to employment creation:

a) -----

b) -----

c) -----

Section 3: Agriculture Sector

Target Group: Ministries of Agriculture and Trade

1. What are the main types of agricultural produce in the State? Grains Fruits Cash crops Vegetables All previous Others (Specify)

2. Access to market opportunities Good Fairly Good None existence

Comments: -----

3. Main type of animal husbandry/livestock practiced in the state??
 Sheep Cattle Poultry Others

4. Availability of agricultural land: Available hardly available not available

6. What are the main constraints facing agriculture in the State??

7. What are they main source of agric. credit?? NGO Government Banks
 Others

Section 4: Socio-economic Infrastructure

1. What is the overall condition of roads in the State??
 Good Average Bad

2. What is the average distance between State Capital and neighboring States, and road condition?

Name of neighboring State	Average Distance	Condition Road (Paved, unpaved, gravel, etc)	Comments

3. What is the average distance between the State Capital and major towns, and road condition?

Name of District/Town	Average Distance	Condition Road (Paved, unpaved, gravel, etc)	Comments

d) What are the main transportation constraints within the State??

Sector 5: Education, Training Providers

Target Group: Vocational Training Centers, Ministry of Education

Training Providers:

Name of Training or service provider	Location (District, Town etc.)	Field of trainings (Business, Agriculture, Capacity Building etc.)	Target Group (Men, Women, Disabled etc.)	Comments
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				

1. Type of educational services: Apprenticeship Entrepreneurship Formal Others
2. Existence of special vocational training facilities for disabled persons, women, etc.

Draft

MAPPING OF UN AGENCIES AND NGOs

Target Group: UN and other International Organizations

1. UN Agencies main programmatic activities in the State

Name of Organization and Contact Details	Main activities and beneficiaries	Duration of project		Coverage Areas	Reintegration opportunities for ex-combatant (yes/no)	Remarks
		Start	End			

1a. Availability of service facilities to support DDR

Name of Organization and Contact Details	Availability of office space (yes/no)	Availability of internet (Yes/No)	Transportation, Electricity Generator, etc.	Remarks

2. NGOs: Projects and Capacities

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NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR CENTRAL SECTOR COMMISSION

Target Group: DDR Central Sector Commission Staff

1. What are the capacity needs of the commission??

Types of capacities	Current Level (3 = High, 2=Low, 1= None)	Relevance/ Required level (3= High, 2=Low, 1= None)	Factors affecting performance
Management (plan, monitor and coordinate reintegration activities)			
Human Resources (recruitment, motivation, etc.)			
Financial Resources (prepare budgets, financial recording, reporting etc.)			
Programme Delivery (monitoring, preparation of progress reports, contracts etc.)			
External Relations (collaboration with NGOS, Government Depts., Donor Agencies, Public relations etc.)			

2. Which elements facilitate or impede the Commission from carrying out its DDR mandate??

	Elements that facilitate performance	Elements that impedes performance	Recommended Actions
1			
2			
3			

3. Inventory of human and material resources available to the Central Sector Commission

	Item	Current status	Amount Required/Needed	Gaps	Comments
1.	Personnel (available staff to support reintegration activities)				
2.	Office space (including space for UNDP staff/Case Workers)				
3.	Office Equipment and furniture (computers, internet, chairs, tables etc.)				
4.	Transportation (vehicles)				
5.					
6.					

4. Central Sector Commission sub offices or focal points in the Central Region States?

	Name of State	Contact Details	Comments
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6.			

Schedule of the mission

Day	activities	Time
First day 27 April 2010-04-27	Arrived to sinner Meeting team work with sector of sinner	2 pm 3:30 office sector
Second day 28 April 2010-04-28	Meeting with government officials: *Security Committee (leader of the band's security and police) *Integration Committee - Minister of Social Affairs - Minister of Agriculture - Minister of Local Government - Minister of Labour and coordinator of the Popular Defence Training Manager and Executive Director of a local Sennar *General Directorate of Employment and Vocational Training (the selection committee and the Public Service	Office of the Social Affairs Department
	Meeting with the relevant ministries (Ministry of Labour - Agriculture - Education - Social Welfare) *The Ministry of Agriculture - General Directorate of livestock and irrigated agriculture, mechanical and horticultural and agricultural extension * The Ministry of Education General Directorate of Vocational Education. *Ministry of Social Affairs - General Directorate of Social Welfare	
THIRD DAY 29/April 2010	Meeting hac Sennar state. Civil society organizations	11 PM Location Hall of Administration training
	Training Centre, University of Sennar / Vocational Training Centre of the Ministry of Education. * The private sector: the Federation of Chambers of Commerce / Employers Federation / Union Sponsors / Farmers Union / Association, bus / hotel owners / owners of factories	14:00 Asa Hall Management Training

Names of participants

NS DDRC/Central Sector Team:

Name	Description	E-Mail	Mobile Number
Hagir Gamal Eldinn Osman	Team leader	Hagir_gamal@hotmail.com	0915187668
Salah Ahmad Adreis	Community security F.P	Salah_idris70@yahoo.com	0912393426
Mona ALnour	Disable F.P	Munanur536@yahoo.com	0919852676

UNDP Team:

Name	Description	E-Mail	Mobile Number
Eltahir Elnour	Team leader	Eltahirelnour57@yahoo.co.uk Eltahir,Elnour@undp.org	0912800756
Amal Elshiekh Dirar	caseworker	Amal.diarar@undp.org	0911220845

Attendance meetings 2010/4/28 (1)

no	names	Job describtion	Tel no	email
1.	Ali yousif jalal aldin	Cs sinnar	0908554051	Aliy81116@gmail.com
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4.	Altaib suliman malik	Sinnar manager	0916216219	DDRsinar@yahoo.com
5.	Hagir Gamal aldin osman	Nsddrcs reintegration unit	0915187668	Hagir_gamal@hotmail.com
6.	Aml dirar	Undp/ddr	0911220845	A
7.	Alsheik abd alrahman mohammed	Sinnar NGOS network	0111551266	-
8.	D.amna awad ohammed salih		0912838793	vetsennar@gmail.com
9.	Najla mostafa mahdi	M.welfare	0914539373	
10.	Alzain alkhair mohammed		0915504808	

11.	Muna nuraldaiem	Nsddrcs reintegration uint	0919852676	
12.	Khalid ibraheem osman		0907216255	
13.	Prof.ali alhag khashm almoos		0912620197	
14.	Nasr aldin abdalla	National network	0912597503	
15.	Abdalla mohammed ahmmmed		0906352849	
16.	Adil adam osman	Scout association	0912597502	
17.	Mamoun fadul allah	Vocational training manager	0913332854	
18.	Fadoua mohammed ali		0918031221	
19.	Mohammed ahmed alkanon		0918031221	
20.	Ashraf mohammed gamil allah		0914425789	
21.	Mahdi yahia ahmed		0122966161	
22.	Alsadig karma ismail		0911220396	
23.	Alrashid mohammed haroun		0912889168	

Attendance meetings 2010/4/28 (2)

no	names	Job describtion	Tel no	email
1.	Salah ahmed idrris	Cs cenral sector	0912393426	Salah_idris70@yahoo.com
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3.	Altaib suliman malik	Sinnar manager	0916216219	DDRsinar@yahoo.com
4.	Hajir jamal aldin osman	Nsddrcs reintegration unit	0915187668	Hagir_gamal@hotmail.com
5.	Aml dirar	Undp/ddr	0911220845	A
6.	Fadoua mohammed ali		0918031221	
7.	Alrashid mohammed haroun		0912889168	
8.	Ahmed alnour omer			
9.	Ali almadni hamd alnil			
10	Alheoires ali alheoires		0919253586	
11	Bahr aldein hessin		0912295228	

Attendance meetings 2010/4/28 (3)

no	names	Job describtion	Tel no	email
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	Igbal alamin hammed		0122020646	Igbalilamin@yahoo.com
	Salah ahmmmed mohammed		0915554492	Oshari_Oshari@yahoo.com

Blue Nile Sugar Project

Name of Project:	Blue Nile Sugar Sennar state.
Location :	About 45 kilometers away from Sennar town and 3 kilometers away from Singa town.
Background of the Project:	The area of the project is estimated about 76 thousand feddan to be implemented on two phases: phase one: 59 thousand feddan and phase two 17 thousand feddan.
Soil :	The project's land is flat and sloping from the South to the North, Soil is clayey. The project is composed of six existing projects and at present cotton, groundnut crops and vegetables were cultivated.
Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To make use of the local resources in a way to adjust the present crop structure to sugar cultivation and production. • To make use of the sugar cane refuse in feed production. • Increasing the country's revenues from the exports.
Project Components:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Habilitation of the existing pumps and canals. • Machineries, equipments and production inputs. • Establishment of a factory for Sugar production.
Nature of Project:	The project is to be established on already existing schemes which have an agricultural rotation to be adjusted to the sugar cultivation and production. The relation with the investor will be to finance the agricultural processes and provision of production inputs purchase of sugar cane production from the farmers and deduction of the cost, then the sugar cane is to be transported to

	the factory for sugar production which will be the right of the investor.
The infrastructures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The paved roads linked to the other national roads such like Sennar-Singa-Damazin road and Sennar-Medani-Khartoum road and Medani-Port Sudan road and Sennar-Kosti road. • The availability of irrigation and drinking water in the area, where the project will be irrigated by pumps from the Blue Nile. • Availability of electricity supply. • Availability of communication services and banking services.
Marketing:	The targeted markets for sugar production: Arab markets and the markets of the COMESA countries in addition to the local market.
Costs:	The costs of the establishment of the factory, habilitation of irrigation pumps and canals and the other installations is estimated to an amount of USD 180 million.
Contact Address:	<p>Investment Department,</p> <p>Sennar State,</p> <p>Tel : 0561823517</p>

Guziera Project

Name of Project:	The Cuziera Project
Location :	Is located in Sennar State
Background of the Project:	The area of the project is 60 thousand feddan and the soil is light in the north and it gradually changes to heavy clayey soil to the South and the average annual rainfall is between 300mm – 600mm and at present the project is utilized in traditional rainfed cultivation.
Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Utilization of the land, water and manpower available resources in the field of agricultural production. • Promotion and enhancement of the standard of living of

	<p>the inhabitants of the area and creation of work opportunities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase of the country's revenues of hard currency. • Achievement of food security.
Project components:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Irrigation by establishment of canals and pumps. • Agricultural and animal input-produciton. • Buildings and installations. • Machineries and means of transport.
Project description:	<p>It is a preliminary idea and situated in government lands free of disputes and it is utilized by the inhabitants in production of traditional rainfed crops and specially Dhurra.</p> <p>After the establishment of the project, field crops may be cultivated such like cotton, Dhurra, groundnut and sunflower, in addition to the horticultural crops such as mango, lemon, orange and also animal production.</p> <p>The relation according to which the land of the project is granted is the allocation of 25% to the inhabitants of the area, after the establishment of pumps and canals of irrigation, to provide irrigation water to the cultivated crops and the relation between the farmer and the investor will be the water fees.</p>
The infrastructures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Availability of electricity supply. • The linkage of the project area with the national roads. • The existence of saw and cylindrical cotton gins near the project area. • Availability of banking and communications services.
Marketing :	The project targets the local markets by contributing in the achievement of food security and it also targets the Arab and Asian markets.
Cost :	Costs were estimated a round USD 43 million.
Contact Address:	<p>Investment Department,</p> <p>Sennar State,</p> <p>Tel : 0561823517</p>

El-Rammash Project for Sugar Production

Name of Project:	El-Rammash for Sugar Production
Location:	The project is situated along the extension of the west bank of the Blue Nile to the North of Singa town.
Project Background:	It is one of the existing projects in which cotton, Dhurra and sunflower crops were cultivated. The area is estimated around 25 thousand feddan. The crop structure will be adjusted to the sugar cultivation and production as the area is characterized by cultivation of this crop (Sennar factory). An experimental farm will be established for the cultivation of the Sugar Cane seedplant.
Nature of the Project:	The project is existing and it aims to adjust the crop structure and the investor will be dealt with by the relations of production with the farmers in the production of Sugar cane crop, where the investor will provide the agricultural in puts. As for the sugar production it falls within the investor jurisdiction.
Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sugar cultivation and production. • Increase of the farmers income. • Provision of job opportunities. • Feed production from sugar cane refuse .
Project components:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1- Habilitation of pumps and irrigation canals. 2- Provision of agricultural in puts. 3- Establishment of a factory for Sugar production.
Infrastructures:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paved roads and its linkage with other national roads. 2. Availability of the electricity supply. 3. Availability of irrigation water (Blue Nile). 4. Availability of communication services. 5. availability of banking services.
Marketing:	The projects targets Arab markets and the COMESA and neighbouring countries markets.
Costs :	Costs were estimated around, USD 127 million
Contact Address:	<p>Investment Department, Sennar State, Tel : 0561823517</p>

